

1. 【() 内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

Her father bought her a CD. (彼女に買った)

He taught me English. (私に教えた)

Do you want anything else? (他に欲しいものは)

Oh, you have a nice camera.

Show me your camera, please. (私に見せて)

Give me this camera, please. (私に下さい/ちょうだい)

2. 【英語に直せ】

彼は幸せだ。

(He is happy.)

彼は幸せに見える/幸せそうだ

(He looks happy.)

3. 【() 内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

He is in love with her. (恋している)

May I ask a question ? (質問してもいいですか?)

What is it?

Jim always says good things to me. (いいことばかり言う)

Your father looks very busy. (忙しそうに見える)

Junko looks happy when she got presents. (プレゼントを受け取った時に)

I' ll show her my camera. (彼女にみせる)

I' ll tell you my name. (あなたに言う)

I' ll give him my book. (彼にあげる)

4. 【例に習って書き換えよ】

例 : Show your bag to me, please. ←→ Show me your bag, please.

I gave Tom a pencil.

(I gave a pencil to Tom).

He teaches us Japanese.

(He teaches Japanese to us).

You can give some flowers to his mother.

(You can give his mother some flowers.)

5. 【単語を英語に】

時々 (sometimes)

挨拶 (greeting)

カード (card)

しなければならない (have to (do) / must (do) / should (do))

何かほかに (anything) (else)

ラケット (racket)

見せる (show)

6. 【() 内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

Do Americans always say nice things to each other ?(お互いに)

Sometimes. (時々)

It' s a kind of greeting. (挨拶の一種)

Here, I' ll give you an example. (例を挙げよう)

When you have a new bag, I can say, "I like your bag."

What shall / should I say then?(何と言えればいい/言うべき?)

You can / should say, "Thanks." (言えればいい/言うべき)

7. 【並び替えよ】

a / think / I / you / new / bike / that / want

(I think that you want a new bike.)

is / know / that / I / happy / he

(I know that he is happy.)

that / English / think / can / speak / she / I

(I think that she can speak English.)

8. 【例にならって、ふたつの文をひとつにせよ】

例 : You can speak English. / He think so.

He thinks that you can speak English.

He wants a new pen. / Junko knows that.

(Junko knows that he wants a new pen.)

She will call me. / I hope so.

(I hope she will call me.)

9. 【単語を英語に】

何か (something)

会話 (conversation)

誉め言葉/おせじ (compliment / flatter)

~について思う (think) (about)

10. 【() 内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

I learned something important about English conversation today. (何か重要なこと)

In America, people say nice things as a greeting. (挨拶として)

They often start a conversation with compliment like "You look great today." (お世辞)

I think that it' s very interesting. (興味深いと思う)

He learned something important from her family. (何か重要な事)

I thank that it' s very important. (それは非常に重要だと思う)

I thank so too. (わたしもそう思う)

He said to her as a greeting, "You look great."

(挨拶として「すごく見える」と言った。)

I don't think that Junko is busy.

(私は順子が忙しいとは思わない。)

11. 【並び替えよ】

listen / like / to / I / music / to

(I like to listen to music.)

to / want / you / what / today /do /do?

(What do you want to do today?)

do /why / you / to / any / find / e-pals / want?

(Why do you want to find any e-pals?)

12. 【()の中から単語を選んで下線部に入れ、会話を完成させよ】

(around, future, visit, many, cool, for, world)

A: What are your plans for the future?

B: I want to travel around the world.

A: I want to visit many countries.

B: That' s cool.

13. 【()内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ。】

I will never go there. (決してそこには行かない)

We enjoyed watching a baseball game on TV. (見るのを楽しんだ)

Finally, our dream came true. (実現した)

I like washing dishes. (皿洗いが好き)

No! Stop washing. (洗うのをやめなさい)

14. 【()の中から単語を選んで下線部に入れ、会話を完成させよ】

(movie, to, going, sounds, join)

Where are you going Junko?

I' m going to go to a movie.

Do you want to join me?

That sounds great!

15. 【()内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

I use a computer to play games. (ゲームをするのにコンピューターを使う)

Hiroshi goes to the library to read books. (本を読み(読む為)に図書館に行く)

He stays in Japan to study Japanese. (日本語を勉強する為に日本にいる)

16. 【例を参考に二つの文を一つにきなさい】

I use my pen. / I wrote a letter. = I used my pen to write a letter.

(私は手紙を書くのに(為に)ペンを使う)

Junko went to the library. / She studied Chinese.

(Junko went to the library to study Chinese.)

Tom came home at seven. / He watched TV.

(Tom came home at seven to watch TV.)

【並び替えよ】(※ I' d = I would)

to / college / study / I' d / go / like / to / math /to

(I' d like to go to college to study math.)

be / I / computer / to / a / want / engineer

(I want to be a computer engineer.)

17. 【() 内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

Do you know that Ken is in (the) hospital? (入院している)

She looks happy. (見える)

He showed me a photo. (写真)

Tom gave Kumi a racket. (ラケット)

I don' t think (that) it is easy. (簡単)

She knows that he is very strong. (強い)

I hope that she will call me. (望む)

Shall we open the window? (窓を開けましょうか?)

Where shall/should we go? (どこに行きましょうか?)

How about the city pool? (プールはどうでしょうか?)

That' s a good idea. (アイデア)

Masao wants to learn about Canada. (カナダについて学びたい)

She wants to go shopping. (ショッピングに行きたい)

He wants to watch TV. (テレビが見たい)

18. 【和訳せよ】

That sounds hard. (それは難しそうだ。)

I want to be a music teacher and teach small children.

(私は音楽の先生になって小さな子供たちに教えたい。)

A lot of my friends will go to college and work in an office.

(私の友達の中には大学に行ってオフィスで働くと言っているのがたくさんいる。)

19. 【() 内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

But I have a different plan. (別の、違う)

I go there to play tennis. (テニスをしに行く (する為に))

Kumi went there to study English. (勉強しに)

She comes here to read books. (読みに)

He comes here to sleep. (眠りに)

I have a lot of things to do. (すべき事がたくさんある)

We found something to eat. (何か食べるものを見つけた)

~~You~~ He wrote a(the) letter to show you. (見せる為に手紙を書いた)

I would like to do something for her. (したい (丁寧な表現で))

Kyoto has many places to visit. (京都には訪問すべき場所がたくさんある。)

20. 【文を読んで質問に日本語で答えよ。】

I want to have my own Japanese restaurant in New York.

Do you know why?

I really like the taste of Japanese food.

質問1：この人はニューヨークに何をもちたいのですか？

(日本料理店)

質問2：それはなぜですか？

(日本料理の味が好きだから)

21. 【()内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

I have a lot of things to study. (学ぶ)

He loves to listen to music. (聴く)

She wants a chair to sit on. (座る)

I had no time to have breakfast. (時間がない)

Give me something to drink. (何か飲み物をくれ)

John likes to play baseball. (プレイするのが好き (したい))

She likes to read books. (読むのが好き)

He comes here to study English. (勉強しに)

22. 【並び替えよ】

to / didn' t / time / sleep / she / have

(She didn' t have time to sleep.)

something / to / want / I / drink.

(I want something to drink.)

music / likes / listen / he / to / to

(He likes to listen to music.)

23. 【例にならって英語の質問に英語で答えよ】

例：

I want to play tennis.

Q: What do I want to do?

A: to play tennis.

We visited there to meet Junko.

Q: Why did we visit there

A: (to meet Junko.)

I went to the station to take the train.

Q: Why did I go to the station?

A: (to take the train.)

Kyoto has a lot of places to visit.

Q: What does Kyoto have a lot?

A: (places to visit)

24. 【()内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ】

I have something to tell you. (言うべき何かがある)

I have many books to read. (読むべき)

I want to write about the Olympic Games. (オリンピックについて (に関して))

25. 【下線部の正しい訳を1~4の中から選べ?】

A: Why don't you come to my house after school?

B: I'd live to.

1) なぜあなたは放課後、私の家に来ないのですか?

2) なぜあなたの家に放課後、行かなければならないのですか?

3) 放課後、私の家に来ませんか?

4) 放課後、あなたの家に行きませんか?

26. 【()内をヒントに下線部を英語で埋めよ。】

I enjoyed playing baseball. (野球をするのを楽しんだ)

I finished reading my letter. (書き終えた)

I finished running. (走り終えた)

We enjoyed playing the piano. (ピアノを弾くのを楽しんだ)

She finished eating dinner. (夕食を食べ終えた)

I enjoyed helping you. (手伝うのを)

27. 【例にならって二つの文を一つにせよ】

例: Ken runs every morning. / He enjoys it.

Ken enjoys running every morning.

Junko washed the dishes. / She finished it.

(Junko finished washing the dishes.)

Tomoko listened to music. / She enjoyed it.

(Tomoko enjoyed listening to music.)

28. 【次の文を読んで後の質問に答えよ】

Hanako: I just finished reading this book.

Taro: What is it about?

Hanako: It' s about a junior high school teacher in Shizuoka.
He wanted to be a teacher, but he lost sight at 15 years old.
He never gave up his dream.

He studied very hard, and finally his dream came true.

Q1: What did Hanako finish to do?

(She finished reading (a)the book.)

Q2: What was the book about?

(It was about a junior high school teacher in Shizuoka.)

※ (Relative clause)

It was about a junior high school teacher who had lost sight but never gave up.

Q3: What did the teacher lost at 15 years old?

(He lost sight.)

Q4: Finally, what happened to the teacher?

(His dream came true.)